CRITERIA FOR SCHOOL CHIEF ANNOUNCED

Besides kicking the cops off the campus at the Board meeting of November 13, another police PR job in the form of a "safety" coloring book was officially turned down. The reason given by Superintendent Richard Foster was that coloring books are both educational and artistically unsound. Inspection of this coloring book and others in use in other school districts leaves little doubt that the ultimate object of the little books is to improve the image of the police in the eyes of the community, in this case in the eyes of schoolchildren.

The commitment to "perfecting the integration of our schools in all respects" turned up at the top of the statement of criteria for the selection of a new superintendent (Foster's resignation becomes effective in June '74) presented at this same Board meeting. Commitment to integration and basic skills, leadership in providing options for diversity in teaching methods and management skills were among the more than eight criteria gathered by the Board at four meetings scheduled simultaneously to get broad community participation.

Under the heading of integration, the summary statement calls for support of affirmative action in hiring and promotion policies, the elimination of de facto tracking, improvement of curricula so Berkeley's racially and culturally diverse student body, and in-service training for BUSD staff.

Leadership in providing options for a diversity of teaching methods calls for experience with and support for educational alternatives. In Berkeley this means evaluating and consolidating educationally sound alternatives "which attract an integrated clientele."

The section concerning the acquisition of basic academic skills (defined as reading, writing, arithmetic and the development of critical thinking, particularly for minority children) included the criterion of a commitment to the development of early childhood education and elementary programs.

Other criteria in the statement dealt with fiscal matters: a minimum salary of $30,000, credentials and the ability to find outside funding to continue certain programs. The public was instructed to the West Berkeley environment. Instead, it presents BRA claims at great length and suppresses evidence that the claims have no basis in fact.

WHAT IS NOT IN THE REPORT

Almost everything important is omitted. For example:

1. The project is based on the claim that there is a shortage of available industrial land in Berkeley. On this claim, the BRA wants to demolish all homes in an eight-block area (4th to 6th streets, University Avenue to Cedar Street), ostensibly to make room for industry.

2. Actually, there is a considerable oversupply of vacant industrial land in West Berkeley, so there is no need to tear down homes.

3. In the seven years of its existence, the BRA has never had even one inquiry from any industrial firm about buying any industrial land anywhere in the project. Five industrial land speculators and promoters, yes, from industrial firms, no.

Since industry has not moved into the existing vacant industrial land, there is no reason to believe it will move into any additional vacant land.

PROOF

Before preparing their report, EIP representatives met with us for at least two hours. We presented what is said in the four paragraphs above. We gave them proof of each statement. We showed pictures of 46 pieces of industrial land for sale or lease in West Berkeley. Because our pictures were more than two years old, we urged EIP to tour West Berkeley with a camera and make its own survey.

We presented statistics on the housing shortage in Berkeley. We urged the BRA to ask the EIP if there has ever been any inquiry about land by any industrial firm. We emphasized that the public, which is paying the bills, is entitled to know if there is any need for the project.

On all these questions, the $40,000 study continued on p. 4.

DELLUMS REPORTS ON ENERGY

I am disturbed by both the perspective and intent of the Administration's hastily contrived answers for the current energy shortage.

The Administration gives the impression that the shortages resulted because of congressional inaction and from the Arab boycott. While both of these are factors, they are not the cause of the current shortages because even if Congress were to move immediately a course of action which has often backfired, as in the case of the enactment of wage-price controls and rearmament, the crisis would only ease; it would not be over by any means.

I believe the energy shortage is not unique; nor is it isolated from other reductions in the consumer and home use of energy without similar reductions for efficient industrial energy waste.

The Administrations wants to move ahead pell-mell in the construction of new nuclear power facilities. Yet studies have shown major environmental dangers associated with existing nuclear power technologies, and I understand many current nuclear power plants are out of operation for extremely long time periods.

3. At the same time, the Administra-

School Board discuss their commitment to perfecting integration within the schools. Photo by Fern.
keep up the pressure

Cops off campus? Rent deposits returned! City Council meetings end at midnight! Charlie Dorr Totlot! Public pressure and community organizing have paid off for Berkeleyans in at least four areas in the last few weeks.

The proposed Resource "Cops off campus? Rent deposits returned!" program in our public schools was stopped through the activity of an alliance of several community groups, parents, and students. Apparently Mason-McCluggage is going to change its policy and return cleaning deposits to tenants. After publicity from Grassroots and Ying Lee Kelley, the City Council has ended its early-morning-morning session.

And, finally, the City Council majority was forced to reverse its position on the name for Charlie Dorr Totlot.

Public pressure does work. But it must be brought to bear in an organized fashion. The following areas are critical to the health of the Berkeley community and need immediate attention:

The Rental Building Inspection Program is an enormous threat to tenants and small landlords. Safeguards will be incorporated into this plan only if Berkeley people raise hell. If you are interested in monitoring the plan and want to help out you should contact BTOC (548-4601), the Housing Committee of Berkeley. Ca. 94701, or phone 524-1203.

Women, "at 7:30 p.m. This discussion will be an open discussion on "What Is Feminist Therapy?" This will be an open discussion that will focus on feminism and psychology. These discussions are free and women from the community are invited to come and join us at the Center on each and every occasion. For further information about any of these discussions or about what takes place at the Women's Center during the rest of the week, please call us between 1:30 p.m. Monday through Friday 548-3433.

As the Berkeley Neighborhood TRAFFIC Study completes its public hearings on traffic circulation proposals, the Berkeley Coordinated TRANSIT Development Project is now beginning its separate task—a study of public transit options in Berkeley (i.e., buses, BART, etc.).

While the Berkeley TRAFFIC Study was limited to auto route proposals, the primary focus of the TRANSIT Project will be "reorientation and intensification of existing AC Transit service, and the establishment of new, specialized services." It is funded for one year, approximately June 1973 to June 1974. The TRANSIT Project is a joint effort of the agencies responsible for transit in Berkeley, the Berkeley Unified School District, the University of California, AC Transit, Un astr, and the Metropolitan Transportation Commission.

The TRANSIT Project has a $90,000 budget for the year-long study (two-thirds federal funds, one-third local contributions), and several layers of formal administration. There is a policymaking body (chaired by Mayor Warren Widener), a project director (Douglas Spaeth, project director, Berkeley Planning Director Thomas Prack), a full-time project coordinator (Greg Thompson) and a Citizen Advisory Board.

The writer of this letter served on the Berkeley Citizens' Urban Renewal Advisory Commission (CURAC). After CURAC was disbanded in 1972 the City Council expressed the hope that former members would be interested in appointments to other boards and commissions. An application was filled out and returned to the City Clerk. After several months the City Clerk asked applicants if they were still interested. Another application was sent.

Recently vacancies on the Planning Commission were filled. It was one of the commissions the undersigned applied for and never was called for an interview. Perhaps it was a matter of overqualification, since my application indicated a graduate degree in city and regional planning and a few years teaching in the field. A call in mid-November 1973 to the City Council's office produced the information that only those persons selected by Ms. Hone (Chairperson, Council Committee on Appointments) are called for an interview.

Grassroots Collective: The writer of this letter served on the Berkeley Citizens' Urban Renewal Advisory Commission (CURAC). After CURAC was disbanded in 1972 the City Council expressed the hope that former members would be interested in appointments to other boards and commissions. An application was filled out and returned to the City Clerk. After several months the City Clerk asked applicants if they were still interested. Another application was sent.

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If indeed the Berkeley City Council "working majority" of Hose, Ramsey, Sweynen, Wiidener and Kallgren intend to fill all vacancies on boards and commissions with their "pre-selected" selections, they can do so without the charade of having the City Clerk repeatedly sending out requests, advertising in the Daily Cal, etc.

An immediate solution to this inequity would be to have each elected councilperson make appointments to correspond with their term of office, as recommended by Councilperson Kelley. Unfortunately, this was turned down at last night's Council meeting by the "working majority." A more far-reaching solution toward true democracy would be to have a combination of district and at-large Council elections and that district councilpersons would be required to meet periodically with any and all neighborhood groups within their districts.

CHILD CARE

PY J&kI

GRASSROOTS
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People who worked on this issue: Doug Brown, Renato Camarda, Jon Dixon, Ruth Dunham, Ann Esposti, Bonnie Fainberg, Mike Fullerton, Marjorie Garlin, Grace Gilderleewe, Mona Ginsberg, Sue Goheen, Lenny Goldberg, Bruce Haldane, Joe Hancock, Florence McDonald, Brian Mertz, David Mundstock, Marilyn Power, Red Bear, Ray Riegert, Andy Rodriguez, Hal Rolhding, Don Sherman, Ruth Verer.
COUNCIL CODE DANGEROUS

At 1 a.m. at its meeting of October 16, the Berkeley City Council passed a program with far-reaching and potentially very dangerous effects for a great many Berkeley citizens.

The program calls for the complete inspection of every rental dwelling. Permission to rent will be withheld from any unit not brought into compliance with the housing code.

Many new inspectors will be hired to speed the task, and inspection fees raised to cover program costs. Future inspections would be once every 1, 3, or 5 years, depending on current building condition.

In a city like Berkeley, with a great many older residential buildings, such a program could have "red-line" effects on tenants and small landlords—unless very explicit safeguards are provided.

Code violations (which range from really hazardous conditions to mere signs of "charring obsolescence") are often expensive to repair. Many small landlords will have difficulty meeting repair costs. Interest rates are at record highs, and many areas of Berkeley are "red-lined," meaning that money from private lenders is not available. Forced abandonment, demolition or presured sale to speculators are possible results for the small-scale owner.

Property owners small and large are expected to pass their repair costs on to their tenants. The very tenants whom code enforcement is supposedly intended to help may well be priced out of their homes and forced to leave Berkeley.

At a meeting Berkeley realtor reported the program and told me that "this program could mean the end of poor people in Berkeley." 

AN ALTERNATIVE

Experts have long recognized that vigorous code enforcement standing alone is a very bad housing policy. A genuinely productive program would include grant and loan money for repairs for landlords who could not otherwise obtain or afford it.

LOT HOUSE FOR DORR PARK

The house at 2218 Acton Street, which is adjacent to the Charlie Dorr Totlot, between Bancroft Way and Allston Way, was recently became a community facility, SUDS Community (the neighborhood bounded by Sacramento, Washington, Allston and Dwight) has been struggling and working for a public park for that neighborhood for the past few years. Part of that struggle has been presently before the Appellate Division of the California Superior Court. Completion of the Charlie Dorr Totlot was the first small step toward success in our efforts to get complete park facilities for the neighborhood. Now 2218 Acton provides us with an indoor facility. SUDS Community has undertaken to clear the yard space around the house and to clean up the interior of the house to prepare it for community use. Volunteer community help is needed for this project.

A community meeting was held last month to determine to what uses the house could best be put. It was decided that it should be made available, for whatever community activities occurred which it could accommodate. This includes spaces in and around the house to suit whatever people in the community have an interest in it. It also includes

Rent control would limit rent increases to the amount necessary to cover repair costs (or less if landlords had been earning extra profits by failing to do ordinary repairs).

Neither rent control nor a rehabilitation fund is part of the program the Council passed.

AT THE LEAST

If the Council still insists on a rental housing inspection program without rent control or a rehabilitation fund, certain minimum conditions must be met:

1) Repair should be required only for code violations that are actually hazards (other deficiencies could be recorded for repair when assistance programs are available). This is a practical option, since inspectors already classify violations as either "hazards" or "deficiencies."

2) The program should have an expiration date (say, one year hence) so that careful review of its impact on Berkeley citizens will be mandated.

In addition, the entire inspection-code enforcement program should be a matter of intense public concern and discussion—not a matter of 1 a.m. voting, with press and citizenry gone home.

A PUBLIC HEARING?

MAJORITY SAYS "NO"

Despite the late hour of Council action adopting the program, many individuals and city groups ranging from Model Cities Board to the Lay Area Interfaith Council, have reacted to the program adoption. The reactions have been uniformly negative. In fact both the specific danger and the program that it builds are negative.

The Housing Committee and the Planning Commission have recommended changes to the plan and have asked for a public hearing. Their requests and suggestions have been ignored. My motions to hold a public hearing have been voted down by the Council on three occasions since November 13.

Fortunately, inspections cannot begin until an ordinance is passed, and additional votes are taken by the Council. Tenants and landlords alike should immediately express their concern over the grave dangers of an unmodified housing inspection program without rent control or a rehabilitation fund, and urge that a public hearing be held before any further votes are taken.

The Berkeley Neighborhood: Traffic Study in holding community meetings through December to enable public review and pass traffic management schemes now under consideration.

These traffic schemes have evolved through engineering and planning analyses directed to resolution of community transportation issues identified earlier in the study program. Plan alternatives and summaries of public comments at these meetings will be presented to the City Council in January. The Berkeley City Council has authorized $250,000 for initial implementation of the Neighborhood Traffic Study recommendations.

Since the proposals for STOP signs, diversions, barriers and closures will affect travel patterns and neighborhood amenities as well as possible affecting AC bus routes, school bus routes, street maintenance, emergency vehicle access, refuse collection and other street uses, all Berkeley residents are encouraged to attend the meetings and express their views, below is the schedule of meetings.

- Washington School, 2300 Grove St., Wednesday, December 5, 7-10 p.m.
- Hiland School, 1581 LeRoy Ave., Thursday, December 6, 7-10 p.m.
- Willard Jr. High, Telegraph & Stuart, Monday, December 10, 7-10 p.m.
- John Muir, 2955 Claremont Ave., Wednesday, December 12, 7-10 p.m.
- Malcolm X School, 1731 Prince St., Thursday, December 13, 7-10 p.m.

WRITE CONGRESS--DON'T LET THE HEARINGS DIE

Latest word from Washington is that Senate and House hearings on the coup in Chile have been delayed again—and perhaps will never come off.

It is imperative, that a letter and telegram campaign be mounted immediately to convince the committee chairman that the people of the United States demand that those public hearings not be canceled.

WRITE TO:
Sen. Gale McGee
Senate Office Bldg.
Washington, D.C.

Cong. Dante Fascell
House Office Bldg.
Washington, D.C.

ALSO WRITE YOUR LOCAL CONGRESSMEN AND SENATORS.

Urge that the hearings look into:

1. U.S. economic role in bringing down the Allende government.
2. U.S. embassy negligence in protecting lives and rights of Americans caught in Chile by the coup.
3. CIA role in the coup.
The Berkeley Industrial Park is still a failure (or worse) because there isn't going to be any industry. Our proposal was rejected then by the city council majority. We think it is a very good one: good for working people, that is; good for lower-middle-class people; good for students; good for Blacks and other national minorities for all those who are usually outvoted by the wealthy and well-wealthy in the hills. We do not like the other proposal, which would put the City Charter a provision for Neighborhood Councils as part of the government apparatus.

BUSINESS TAK-OVER

Suppose we had Neighborhood Councils now, with the present City Council whose six-member majority is owned and operated by Big Business. This Council would make rules for Neighborhood Councils. Elections would be "supervised" by public officials controlled by the Big Business majority of this City Council.

Big Business stonoges (all neighborhoods are infested with them) would run as candidates for Neighborhood Councils. This Council would give priority of money, supplied by you-know-who, who would be plenty of billboards in the neighborhoods for Sue Stooge and Bill Brownnose, the 100% American upstanding patriotic candidates to "defeat the radicals."

And who would be elected? In the hills, nobody but Bill Brownnose and Sue Stooge and their ideological cousins. In the flats, a few Neighborhood Councils might have majorities of real people's representatives, but Sue Stooge and Bill Brownnose would get elected, too. With plenty of money to spend. To wrangle and argue and disrupt and confuse so that the Neighborhood Councils would be merely pawns for talk, talk, talk.

That's the best that could happen. If you doubt it, look at recent elections in Berkeley. Many flatland precincts and areas gave majorities to Big Business candidates.

IN ACTION EXCUSE

With Neighborhood Councils, the City Council majority would have a legal excuse set forth in the city charter for refusing to hear grievances. Petitioners would be told: "Don't talk to us: present your case to your Neighborhood Council." At present, issue groups and community committees, organized by the people in their own way, are able to go before the City Council on many occasions. The Big Business majority would like to refuse to hear us, but cannot (not now, anyway).

When the City Council does not give us what we want, we do other things, like picketing. That is, we go from talk to ACTION. We do not have to waste time going to a dozen Neighborhood Councils for more talks, talks, talks.

No Neighborhood Council organized under the city charter would be likely to organize a picket line at Safeway—too many loyal Safeway supporters would be members of such councils. If one Neighborhood Council did take action against Safeway, several others would probably adopt resolutions supporting Safeway.

What Berkeley needs is more and better, and bigger issue groups and community committees, organized by the people in their own way, raising more hell against the actions of Big Business and its City Council majority.

Ocean View Committee
**200,000 kids on ritalin**

Swedes and Jews have stopped the manufacture of ritalin because of extensive illicit use of this stimulant; in the U.S. it is prescribed to cure a variety of sociocultural ailments. Children who are "hyperactive" or have "minimal brain dysfunction" (MBD) are actually bothering their parents or teachers in some way. Many of these children have behavior problems. The recent medical journal put it: "When the parent turns to the drug solution, children are usually problems reduced, and when the teacher does the same, then the development of effective teaching for problem children is less likely." It is estimated that 150,000-200,000 U.S. children are being treated with the stimulant ritalin and amphetamine for "behavior disorders." An unknown additional number is being treated with various tranquilizers for the same reason.

Children who don't pay attention in class, can't sit down, won't take nap, disrupt things, rarely have concrete neurological problems. In a reasonably developed class with a teacher who cares and can keep the kids and keep something interesting going on, they suddenly turn out to have phenomenal powers of concentration. Those children who have a true mild neurological problem may not be adequately helped in the class, and the funds to sound things up.

Curiosity is a human instinct schools discourage or stifle it. A healthy child naturally wants to learn. When learning isn't taking place (and how do we judge this, anyway?) the logical thing to do is to find out if the child is getting enough to eat, the right kind of food; if he is hungry, anemic? Sure, if he's hungry or anemic and you give him a stimulant, you give him no brain, if he's hungry or anemic, nothing else.

The "paradoxical" effect of stimulants, in which they supposedly stimulate adults but calm children, is a myth. Performance of both adults and children on repetitive, qualitative tasks that require sustained attention is improved by these drugs. The same article quoted above says "Reactions of a problem-solving task and learning do not seem to be affected in adults or children." POSSIBLE ADDICTION

Similarly, there is no clear evidence that drug use of stimulants or amphetamines is addictive in adults but not in children, as often claimed. There are no good studies on drug use by drogged children when they get old enough to look for drugs on their own. If they have been raised to depend on tranquilizers or stimulants, why should they distinguish between prescription and illicit use of drugs that are available both ways?

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**FILM CALENDAR** The most complete listing of film events in the Bay Area is in a publication called *filmmaker*. If you want to see movies in the Bay Area, you have to subscribe.

For the very low price of 25 cents a month, you get a listing of all museum film series, including the program of the Pacific Film Archive; coverage of revival theaters like the Northside and Studio-Guild in Berkeley and the hardway, Surf and Times in San Francisco; a summary of the best films coming up on television; a complete list of all free films and ticketed events. Listings include price, address and phone number. Also, it is very convenient to have a whole month's listings all in one place.

A sample of the information in the December issue: "Battle of Algiers" and "The Dotchelm" for 75 cents at 2 p.m. in Nahh Hall of the College of Arts and Crafts on December 7th. "Tupamaros," free at noon in the main branch of the San Francisco library on December 11th, "Illusions," and "The Balcony" on December 16th, in the Gallery Lounge of San Francisco State University on December 17th. The Children's Film Festival will be at the Surf from December 11th to 15th, "Wings and Whistles" at the Clay from December 12 to 24.

Don't worry, *filmmaker* has been around for several years and it is not likely to become gone tomorrow. They recently moved from the Berkeley Film House to the Pacific Film Archive, which should make you feel even more secure. So it is quite safe to send $2.65 (check payable to *filmmaker*) for a subscription to: filmmaker, Pacific Film Archive, University Art Museum, 2625 Durant Avenue, Berkeley 94704.

**RECOMMENDED**

The "Traitors" December 7; 7:30 and 9:30 p.m.; Pacific Film Archive; $1 for U.C. students and Archive members full price.

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**GRASSROOTS**

**...keep on truckin'**

Question from E.H., Oakland: A friend and I bought a 1958 Mercedes Benz 220B. The body and upholstery are perfect but the engine is shot. We pulled the motor and took it apart because we wanted to rebuild it ourselves. Now we are stuck. We found it is difficult and extremely expensive to get parts from the dealer and we need to consult with someone who knows about Mercedes cars. So far all we have is a lot of conflicting advice. How do you think we should proceed? Answer:

The people build luxury automobiles. They have little concern for the mechanics, but we should insist that they should be repaired by the manufacturer. The engine is a major part of a car and it is the responsibility of the manufacturer to see that it is repaired.

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**FREELMS**

Laney College: December 6, "Bunny and Clyde" December 7, "The World of Apu," the last film in director Sayajit Ray's Apu trilogy (at least) on December 13, "Bullitt" (1968), Steve McQueen and that great chase scene through San Francisco. Except as noted above, all films are at 6:45 and 9:00 p.m. in the Laney College Forum. For the very low price of 25 cents a month, you should subscribe. December 10-12; Studio-Guild; $1.75. Billed as the best films of 1984, this program includes two of Marlon Brando's most virtuoso performances and the Gone-with-the-Wind of World War II movies, "From Here to Eternity." December 12-14; Neighborhood Traffic Study. The "Gold Rush" (1925) and "The General" (1926); the lightest of Chaplin's silent films as well as some of the best of Buster Keaton. A good program for children.

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**FREE FILMS**

...keep on truckin'...
US aids portuguese colonialists

brazil: conduit for us aid to chile junta

There are a lot of struggles going on in the world, far too many for Grassroots to even try to cover adequately. As a result, however, we will be running articles on struggles that are staring us in the face in order to give you a chance to read what you wouldn’t see in the daily press. Anyone who wishes to learn more can write us and we’ll do our best to get you access to as much information as you can possibly digest.

by James MacManus

The American Government faces strong diplomatic pressures in the wake of its official agreement on the Azores Island base, and on the efforts by Portugal to shunt arms transferred by both countries during the Middle East war. Reports from Washington yesterday confirmed the disclosure in the Guardian two weeks ago that the U.S. and Portugal had come to an unofficial agreement over the use of the Azores as a logistics centre for the resupply of Israel during the war. It was also revealed that Portugal would receive American support at the United Nations on the issue of Portuguese African countries are likely to gather every indication that the Arab and diplomatic offensive against the United Nations for helping support African countries. In particular, Mr. Newsom was reported yesterday that the extension of the Azores base agreement would be carefully scrutinized by African and Arab troops.

It is understood that Mr. Newsom was told that while the Arabs would reluctantly tolerate a renewal of the agreement on the old terms, they would not do so if the new agreement incorporated greater American payments to Portugal and further arms shipments. (Reprinted from the (U.K.) Guardian, November 15, 1973.)

Postscript: It has been reported, unofficially so far, that Gulf Oil has located another major oil field in Angola. Maybe that’s why Nixon doesn’t seem too worried about the energy crisis.

In a recent interview we reported the impressions of Alejandro Stuart, who was in Santiago at the time of the coup which wiped out democracy in Chile. Stuart commented that supporters of the junta were expecting large amounts of U.S. aid to be funneled to the fascists through Brazil. The following article, from Chile Newsletter, gives us the first indication that that may be what is happening.

U.S. AID CONDUIT?

When President Nixon said, “As Brazil goes, so will the rest of the Latin American continent,” he was right in the case of Chile. The Chilean generals have stated that they are going to follow the Brazilian model of development: that is, rapid industrialization at the expense of the needs of the people with the simultaneous use of violence and political repression.

In order to accomplish this goal, the Chilean military is going to need a lot of foreign aid. While the United States has already begun supplying some of this assistance, the junta is expecting Brazil to take on the major responsibility for reorienting the Chilean economy.

Immediately after the coup, the Brazilian Ministry of Trade and Industry announced that 40,000 tons of sugar would be sent to Chile. More recently, the Brazilian government granted a $46 million credit to Chile for purchased vehicles and spare parts. The loan was discussed during a visit to Brazil by the president of the Chilean Central Bank, Eduardo Cano.

In addition, Brazil is making available a special credit of $500,000 so Chile can help purchase the technology that Brazil used when it signed the Santo International Trade Fair early next month.

It is very likely that the U.S. government will funnel aid to Chile through Brazil, in an effort to appear less involved with the junta. We must continue to demand the cutoff of all U.S. military and economic aid to Chile, and that Congress get its act that is disguised by going to Brazil first.

police board

acts on U.C.

At its November 15 meeting, the Berkeley Police Review Commission departed briefly from the organizational matters which had occupied it so far and turned its attention to problems involving U.C.’s Criminology School. The result was a decision that campus Chancellor Albert Bowker for his attempts to do away with the school and for his role in the recent firing of Criminology Professor Anthony Platt. The vote was 7-0, with Chairman Peter Galanter dissenting. Platt helped write the initiative which established the new PRC.

In its resolution, the PRC recommended “that the Criminology School be maintained as an integral part of the University . . . that . . . Platt’s name be forwarded to the Regents,” and that the Academic Senate continue the challenge.

The commission is currently discussing procedures for dealing with complaints against former Regents. Among other things, Platt helped write the initiative which established the new PRC.

Ritalin

Continued from page 5

Women’s libbers: If you are annoyed with me because I have referred to children with learning problems in this article — it was deliberate. Up to 85% of the children labeled hyperactive are male. I think that this behavior is in part due to societal expectations of boys; as attitudes change, more girls may be so labeled.

If ritalin or some other drug seems to have solved a problem in your household, I apologize for rocking the boat. Do think the situation over and consider whether all the other alternatives have been adequately explored and do make sure that your doctor does the complete blood and platelet counts recommended by the manufacturer of ritalin for children who get it for a long time. Your doctor should also arrange that the patient receive regular liver function tests for children on ritalin.

Selina Benitez
new free clinic hours

For the last four years the medical section of the Berkeley Community Health Project has been open 24 hours a day, seven days a week. For the last several months we have had a great deal of difficulty filling this schedule. As a result we have found ourselves understaffed and overworked. In order to make our work more enjoyable and satisfying, and to enable us to give exemplary medical care, we have decided to focus our energy into fewer, but better-staffed, shifts. Starting Monday, November 26, 1973, the medical section will be open the following hours and provide the following services:

**MONDAY,** noon-11 p.m.
- Doctor appointments for Monday evening are made. People wishing to see a doctor should be at the clinic by noon. Appointments are made until the schedule is filled. This usually happens by 12:30. anybody who cannot be seen and who has a serious medical problem will be given advice and information on other sources of medical care.

1:00-4:30 p.m. - We can provide emergency first-aid, and make our work more enjoyable and satisfying, and
- Screenings and appointments begin. The process is the same as described on Mondays.
- noon-5 p.m. - People who made appointments the night before are seen. Serious medical emergencies will be seen without an appointment.
- 3 p.m.-midnight - Emergency first-aid; screening and consultation on simple medical problems.
- noon-11 p.m. - Same as Monday.

3. The clinic has never been on very small free clinic, 548-2570. The clinic is located at 2339 Durant Avenue, Berkeley.

**PEOPLE'S WORLD**
**ANNUAL HOLIDAY MARKET**
1819 Teith Street, Berkeley, December 14 and 15 (Friday, 6-10 p.m., Saturday, 12 noon-8 p.m.). Dinners: Friday - turkey dinner; Saturday - International buffet; price - $2.50 each. Boutique, bakery, country store, plants, jewelry, leather goods, holiday cards, ceramics, artwork, toys and BOOKS! Snack bar, movies, games for children.

**PICKETING FOR FARMWORKERS**
The Farmworker Support Committee will be picketing every Friday evening at various liquor stores selling Gallo wines. If you want to help picket, call 549-1994 or 843-1498. Through the picketing three stores have promised to stop selling Gallo wines. The three stores are Jay-Vee's, Ledger's and Jackson's liquor stores. Picketing has an effect! More pressure needs to be put on all liquor stores in the Berkeley area.

**PUBLIC HEARING ON BANK**
Public hearing on the Security National drive-in bank, proposed for Fulton Street between Bancroft and Duranti, has been put off until Tuesday, December 11 at 8:30 in the City Council Chambers (originally scheduled for December 4).

**THE POTTER'S STUDIO**
2397 San Pablo Ave., Berkeley, presents A FINE AND FUNKY CHRISTMAS POTTERY SALE, Sat. & Sun., Dec. 14 & 15 (Friday, 6-10 p.m., Saturday, 10-6. Re freshments, demonstrations).
apartment, and boards and commissions was defeated on a vote of 2 in favor (Kelley and Hancock) with 5 opposed (Horne, Kallgren, Ramsey, Rumford, and Widener) were not present for the vote.

Kelley now intends to develop and circulate petitions for an initiative ordinance which would guarantee all City Councilmembers the right to make an equal number of appointments to boards and commissions.

**SCHOOL CHIEF CRITERIA**

continued from p. 1

-Additional criterion to be incorporated in a brochure will be included.

The unanimous decision on the critical app issue was followed the next week (November 26) by another unanimous decision to amend the evaluation policy (also adopted at the same meeting) to guarantee the participation of (1) parents and students in the evaluation of teachers, (2) teachers and parents in the evaluation of site administrators, and (3) principals and teachers in the evaluation of site support staff and central administration.

The stickiest concerns causing most of the long debate prior to the amendment's adoption was that raised by Doris Johnson. She said: "I would have no problem if it were applied equally over schools..." but within the district the needs of children or parents but the needs of the paid staff. It ended with an agreement for periodic progress target dates.

**BTOC RAPS RAMSEY PLANS**

A recent housing report by the City of Berkeley found that 77% of all licensed multi-residential buildings are located in the Campus and South West, area, and account for 82% of the most deteriorated multi-residential buildings in the city. Residents of these areas have been complaining for a long time of paying high rents for dirty conditions. There is a need for an effective inspection program to pinpoint substandard housing, eliminate hazardous conditions and work toward bringing all residential units up to code. BTOC believes that an inspection ordinance must also have protections for tenants incorporated into the measure.

The Residential Rental Building Inspection Program proposed by Councilperson Henry Ramsey fails to meet the needs of tenants. While providing for increased housing inspections, there is no protection for the tenant if a building is not brought up to code, and the landlord is denied a certificate of occupancy. Furthermore, the Ramsey proposal offers no guarantee that once a building is fixed up the rents won't be raised.

A small landlord would not fare well under this program. The ordinance provides for no rehabilitation program which small landlords would need to bring their buildings up to code. When these small landlords are then denied certificates of occupancy the way would be paved for law suits to gobble up their holdings.

BTOC firmly believes in code enforcement. But the Ramsey ordinance would leave tenants out on the streets after having paid high rents for substandard housing for years. There seems that the only direct beneficiaries of Ramsey's proposal would be the building inspectors who would have steady work and the big landlords who could afford to tribune them and buy out small landlords. BTOC believes that code enforcement are important tenant rights that should be paid for by the landlord. There are already mechanisms that could be extended to improve substandard housing. Section 1942 of the California Civil Code provides for tenants to deduct one month's rent to make repairs that the landlord fails to make. Perhaps an ordinance should be proposed that would further this concept of repair and deduct.

Rent Control is another angle through which the solution to the fuel shortage can be enforced. What if rents could not be raised unless buildings were in substantial compliance. What if rent increases could be obtained on buildings which were not properly maintained.

Senator Dellums reintroduced the Public Housing Act of 1971 which would allocate on mass transit. "We request you immediately take the action necessary to assign a top priority to transit agencies in the South to eliminate further the freepollution distillate fuel, and thus, assure the availability of fuel to those transit agencies which are so necessary to our national effort to conserve energy," the letter concluded.

On urging to Dellums, the initial allocation scheme would lead to significant cutbacks in mass transit service in California. We propose an allocation which increases in the demand for fuel for individual private use.

**CANADIAN PIPELINE**

"The issue of the feasibility and acceptability of a Trans-Canadian pipeline seems to have been totally confused by the public," Dellums said. "It appears that the Canadian Government, as reported to Congress by the State Department, and the position that Administration, as publicly stated are in direct contradiction.

Until these discrepancies are thoroughly investigated by Congress, I oppose any immediate action on the conference report."